

## UNITED STATES JEF ATMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

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SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
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07/942,970	3 09/10/92	CATALDI	<u> </u>	13/16330 EXAMINER
			WIEDER	
		E6M1	TV & took bull	ter:
J. JEFFRE	Y HAWLEY		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PATENT DEF	PARTMENT			12
	ODAK COMPANY		2607	•
943 STATE	, NEW YORK 1	4650-2201	DATE MAILED:	
This is a communication from				05/06/93
COMMISSIONER OF PATEN	TS AND TRADEMARKS			
This application has be	een evemined	Responsive to communication filed or	2/17/93	☐ This action is made final.
	boll divalifilities &	7		
A shortened statutory peri			• • • •	days from the date of this letter.
Failure to respond within t	he period for response	will cause the application to become aba	ndoned. 35 U.S.C.	133
Part! THE FOLLOWI	NG ATTACHMENT(S)	ARE PART OF THIS ACTION:		
	rences Cited by Examine	_/	ce re Patent Drawing, I	PTO-948.
3. Notice of Art C	lted by Applicant, PTO-	1449. (2) 4. Noti		Application, Form PTO-152.
	How to Effect Drawing		<del></del>	·····
Part II SUMMARY O	E ACTION			
1. Ctalms	90			are pending in the application
Of the s	above, claims			are withdrawn from consideration
•				
2. Claims				have been cancelled.
3.				are allowed.
4. W Claims 1	-41)			are rejected
5. Claims				are objected to.
<b>-</b>				triation or election requirement
6. Li Claims			are subject to res	inction or election requirement.
7. This application	on has been filed with In	formal drawings under 37 C.F.R. 1.85 w	nich are acceptable for	examination purposes.
8. Li Formal drawle	ngs are required in resp	onse to this Office action.		
9. The corrected	i or substitute drawings	have been received on		37 C.F.R. 1.84 these drawings
are 🗌 acce	ptable. 🔲 not accepta	ble (see explanation or Notice re Patent	Drawing, PTO-948).	
40 🗆 🖶		sheet(s) of drawings, filed on	has (have) b	neen approved by the
examiner.	disapproved by the ex	aminer (see explanation).		
			,	
11. The proposed	d drawing correction, file	ed on, has been [	」 approved. L↓ disa	approved (see explanation).
12. Acknowledge	nent is made of the ctali	n for priority under U.S.C. 119. The certi	fied copy has D bee	n received  not been receive
		serial no;		
		In condition for allowance except for for		on as to the merits is closed in
accordance	with the practice under I	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G.	213.	
14. Other		. ·		
14. L. Ottio				

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- 1. The protest letter of January 6, 1993 and applicants response thereto have both been carefully considered. Applicant is reminded that this application cannot pass to issue until disposition of the parent application which is in interference proceedings, see letter mailed April 16, 1993 and MPEP 1111.08.
- 2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.
- 3. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format of an Abstract of the Disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 250 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 250 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said", should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The abstract is replete with legal phraseology.

- 4. The Preliminary amendment of October 29, 1992 (paper No. 3) has <u>not</u> been entered because in claim 1, last line there is no term "housing".
- 5. The original patent, or an affidavit or declaration as to loss or inaccessibility of the original patent, must be received

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before the reissue application can be allowed. See 37 CFR 1.178.

- 6. The reissue oath or declaration filed with this application is defective because it fails to contain a statement that the applicant believes the original patent to be wholly or partially inoperative or invalid, as required under 37 C.F.R.
- § 1.175(a)(1).
- 7. The reissue oath or declaration filed with this application is defective because it fails to particularly specify the errors relied upon, as required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.175(a)(5).
- 8. The reissue oath or declaration filed with this application is defective because it fails to particularly specify how the errors relied upon arose or occurred, as required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.175(a)(5).

The declaration fails to specify errors and how they arose concerning claims 11, 12, 17 and 19. Furthermore, P. Hein and J. Leo have not signed the declaration.

- 9. Claims 1-40 are rejected as being based upon a defective reissue declaration under 35 U.S.C. § 251. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.175.
- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary

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skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

- 11. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103, the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of potential 35 U.S.C. § 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103.
- 12. Claims 1-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Burroughs et al (5,015,544) in view of Kiernan et al (4,723,656) and Parker (4,737,020).

Burroughs et al disclose a battery voltmeter comprising dielectric layers, conductive layers, and temperature sensitive layers in an indicating arrangement 10 attached to battery eam 18, see Figure 2. Burroughs et al disclose all of applicants claimed subject matter except for thermal insulative means and the particular sequencing of the layers of the indicating arrangement. Kiernan et al and Parker are applied for showing these features respectively.

13. Kiernan et al disclose a battery package having a voltmeter therein of similar arrangement as that of the instant application

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and Burroughs et al. Kiernan et al differs in that the voltmeter is not permanently affixed to the battery "can". Kiernan et al does teach, however, means to thermally insulate the voltmeter from the battery to prevent or at least reduce heat sinking, see column 5, last paragraph. As heat sinking through the battery would lessen the accuracy of the thermal indicating material.

- 14. Since Burroughs et al also use heat sensitive materials as indicating materials it would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to provide some type of thermal insulating means in the Burroughs et al voltmeter to improve its' accuracy in view of the suggestion by Kiernan et al.
- 15. Parker is applied for teaching that the sequential order of layers is immaterial for the operation of the device, see column 7, lines 16-20.
- 16. Consequently, it would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to provide a thermally insulative means and to sequence the layers in any desired fashion so as to provide operability in view of the respective teachings of Kiernan et al and Parker.
- 17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ken Wieder whose telephone number is (703) 305-4707.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4900.

K. Wieder:klw
May 04, 1993
(703) 305-4707

Menut A, Wiech Kehneth A. Wieder SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER ART UNIT 267A

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